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# Holy War Idea In Western And Islamic Traditions Fgreve

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The Just War And Jihad

Holy War in Judaism

Unholy War

The Holy War "made in Germany"

Islam: Islam's "holy War" Against Christians, Jews, and Western Culture

Holy War on the Home Front

I is for Infidel

Just Wars, Holy Wars, and Jihads

A Most Holy War

Russian Orthodoxy and the Russo-Japanese War

Holy War in the Bible

The New Holy Wars

A History of the Crusades, Volume 1

Jihad

Japan's Holy War

Sanctified Violence

A History of the Crusades

Holy War

The holy war, made by Shaddai upon Diabolus

Holy War, Martyrdom, and Terror

Just War and Jihad

Holy War

Holy Wars

First Crusader

The Legitimate Use of Military Force

My Holy War

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Holy War  
The Holy War  
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Just Wars, Holy Wars, and Jihads  
Holy War  
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## **OCONNELL LANEY**

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*The Just War And Jihad* Picador USA  
Peter Partner shows how the ideal of the crusade, "God's War", came to permeate medieval Christendom, and how it influenced later Western societies. Above all, this book examines the fear that Islamic fundamentalism excites in the west and warns against allowing crusading war propaganda to affect our judgment

today. 24 illustrations. Maps.  
Holy War in Judaism Praeger  
Though the wise know that history will inevitably repeat itself, mankind keeps on making the same mistakes. It is never an easy task to write about war and religion, and Dr. Jacques G. Ruelland has managed to do so clearly and without prejudice. Through his expose of the holy wars, this philosopher-historian traces a not-so-holy picture of civilization by analyzing the semantics of "sacredness" inherent to monotheistic religions. With the compassionate eye of the humanist, he

helps us understand the origins of the justifications of wars waged in the name of the Almighty. Will we ever learn to eradicate this ancient practice? Not really, the historian believes, unless humanity can succeed in redefining the very notion of peace by assigning a new mission to science which would, ultimately, be dedicated to its real and ever-lasting pursuit.

*Unholy War* Penn State Press

This book is a volume in the Penn Press Anniversary Collection. To mark its 125th anniversary in 2015, the University of

Pennsylvania Press rereleased more than 1,100 titles from Penn Press's distinguished backlist from 1899-1999 that had fallen out of print. Spanning an entire century, the Anniversary Collection offers peer-reviewed scholarship in a wide range of subject areas.

### **The Holy War "made in Germany"**

Routledge

Instructs readers about the religious contexts that nurtured ideas regarding statecraft, international law, and the aims and limits of peace and warfare-- Introduction.

Islam: Islam's "holy War" Against Christians, Jews, and Western Culture

Bloomsbury Publishing

From bloodthirsty conquest to exotic romance, stereotypes of Spain abound. This new volume by distinguished historian Stanley G. Payne draws on his half-century of experience to offer a balanced, broadly chronological survey of Spanish history from the Visigoths to the present. Who were the first "Spaniards"? Is Spain a fully Western country? Was Spanish liberalism a failure? Examining Spain's unique role in the larger history of Western Europe, Payne reinterprets key

aspects of the country's history. Topics include Muslim culture in the peninsula, the Spanish monarchy, the empire, and the relationship between Spain and Portugal. Turning to the twentieth century, Payne discusses the Second Republic and the Spanish Civil War. The book's final chapters focus on the Franco regime, the nature of Spanish fascism, and the special role of the military. Analyzing the figure of Franco himself, Payne seeks to explain why some Spaniards still regard him with respect, while many others view the late dictator with profound loathing. Framed by reflections on the author's own formation as a Hispanist and his evaluation of the controversy about "historical memory" in contemporary Spain, this volume offers deeply informed insights into both the history and the historiography of a unique country. A Choice Outstanding Academic Book Best Books for General Audiences, selected by the Public Library Association *Holy War on the Home Front* Harvard University Press

The First World War claimed over 995,000 British lives, and its legacy continues to be remembered today. *Great War Britain: Surrey* offers an intimate portrayal of the

city and its people living in the shadow of the Great War. A beautifully illustrated and highly accessible volume it explores the city's regiments, the background and fate of the men on the frontline, the changing face of industry, the vital role of women, conscientious objectors, hospitals for the wounded and rehabilitation, peace celebrations, the fallen heroes and war memorials. The Great War story of Surrey is told through the voices of those who were there and is vividly illustrated through evocative images.

*I is for Infidel* Columbia University Press This book offers evidence of a unified Islamic terrorist network operating inside the United States and planning new opportunities to strike. Kushner identifies and assesses the violent plans of these Islamic organizations and individuals who take advantage of our reluctance to engage in ethnic profiling. He supports his claims with documents from top-level government sources, exposing a secret network of Arab intelligence agencies, terrorists, university professors, corrupt imams and other religious leaders, and violent criminals. Some members of this network are recent immigrants; others

have been American citizens for years. Finding and stopping these conspiracies will require drastic changes in the way Americans think about terrorism.

Kushner's proposals will spark a debate about homeland security, civil liberties, immigration, law enforcement, and our nation's most basic values and ideals.-- From publisher description.

### **Just Wars, Holy Wars, and Jihads**

Public Affairs

Holy war, sanctioned or even commanded by God, is a common and recurring theme in the Hebrew Bible. Rabbinic Judaism, however, largely avoided discussion of holy war in the Talmud and related literatures for the simple reason that it became dangerous and self-destructive. Reuven Firestone's *Holy War in Judaism* is the first book to consider how the concept of "holy war" disappeared from Jewish thought for almost 2000 years, only to reemerge with renewed vigor in modern times. The revival of the holy war idea occurred with the rise of Zionism. As the necessity of organized Jewish engagement in military actions developed, Orthodox Jews faced a dilemma. There was great need for all to engage in combat for the

survival of the infant state of Israel, but the Talmudic rabbis had virtually eliminated divine authorization for Jews to fight in Jewish armies. Once the notion of divinely sanctioned warring was revived, it became available to Jews who considered that the historical context justified more aggressive forms of warring. Among some Jews, divinely authorized war became associated not only with defense but also with a renewed kibbush or conquest, a term that became central to the discourse regarding war and peace and the lands conquered by the state of Israel in 1967. By the early 1980's, the rhetoric of holy war had entered the general political discourse of modern Israel. In *Holy War in Judaism*, Firestone identifies, analyzes, and explains the historical, conceptual, and intellectual processes that revived holy war ideas in modern Judaism.

**A Most Holy War** Princeton University Press

Explores the attitudes of Western Christianity and Islam toward war for religion, explaining the differences in the two cultural traditions that result in fundamentally different perceptions of the nature of religious wars.

*Russian Orthodoxy and the Russo-Japanese War* Harper Collins

The *Great and Holy War* offers the first look at how religion created and prolonged the First World War, and the lasting impact it had on Christianity and world religions more extensively in the century that followed. The war was fought by the world's leading Christian nations, who presented the conflict as a holy war. A steady stream of patriotic and militaristic rhetoric was served to an unprecedented audience, using language that spoke of holy war and crusade, of apocalypse and Armageddon. But this rhetoric was not mere state propaganda. Philip Jenkins reveals how the widespread belief in angels, apparitions, and the supernatural, was a driving force throughout the war and shaped all three of the Abrahamic religions - Christianity, Judaism, and Islam - paving the way for modern views of religion and violence. The disappointed hopes and moral compromises that followed the war also shaped the political climate of the rest of the century, giving rise to such phenomena as Nazism, totalitarianism, and communism. Connecting remarkable incidents and

characters - from Karl Barth to Carl Jung, the Christmas Truce to the Armenian Genocide - Jenkins creates a powerful and persuasive narrative that brings together global politics, history, and spiritual crisis. We cannot understand our present religious, political, and cultural climate without understanding the dramatic changes initiated by the First World War. The war created the world's religious map as we know it today.

**Holy War in the Bible** Univ of Wisconsin Press

What does America's 'war on terror' and new era of religious and patriotic intensity look like to an Englishman living in Seattle?

*The New Holy Wars* Hackett Publishing  
The Critical Themes in World History series focuses on phenomena that have had a profound impact on the course of world history. This new entry in the series, *Sanctified Violence*, offers a starting point for reflection and further study of this particular type of warfare that has vexed humanity for over 5,000 years. Whatever one thinks of holy war and however one defines it and divides it into types, there is no denying that it has played and

continues to play a significant role in world history. Contents: Introduction: What Is Holy War? Chapter 1: Holy Wars in Mythic Time, Holy Wars as Metaphor, Holy Wars as Ritual Chapter 2: Holy Wars of Conquest in the Name of a Deity Chapter 3: Holy Wars in Defense of the Sacred Chapter 4: Holy Wars in Anticipation of the Millennium Epilogue: Holy Wars Today and Tomorrow Also included are a description of the Critical Themes in World History series, Preface, index, and suggestions for further reading.

**A History of the Crusades, Volume 1** Prometheus Books

Historian Pegg has produced a swift-moving, gripping narrative of a horrific crusade, drawing in part on thousands of testimonies collected by inquisitors in the years 1235 to 1245. These accounts of ordinary men and women bring the story vividly to life.

*Jihad* InterVarsity Press

Presents a history of Afghanistan and its people, from the Soviet occupation to the present day.

*Japan's Holy War* White Wolf Publishing

"An allegorical story about the town of Mansoul. This story also chronicles a

Christian's conversion"--Provided by publisher.

*Sanctified Violence* Harvard University Press

Japan's Holy War reveals how a radical religious ideology drove the Japanese to imperial expansion and global war.

Bringing to light a wealth of new information, Walter A. Skya demonstrates that whatever other motives the Japanese had for waging war in Asia and the Pacific, for many the war was the fulfillment of a religious mandate. In the early twentieth century, a fervent nationalism developed within State Shintō. This ultranationalism gained widespread military and public support and led to rampant terrorism; between 1921 and 1936 three serving and two former prime ministers were assassinated. Shintō ultranationalist societies fomented a discourse calling for the abolition of parliamentary government and unlimited Japanese expansion. Skya documents a transformation in the ideology of State Shintō in the late nineteenth century and the early twentieth. He shows that within the religion, support for the German-inspired theory of constitutional monarchy that had

underpinned the Meiji Constitution gave way to a theory of absolute monarchy advocated by the constitutional scholar Hozumi Yatsuka in the late 1890s. That, in turn, was superseded by a totalitarian ideology centered on the emperor: an ideology advanced by the political theorists Uesugi Shinkichi and Kakehi Katsuhiko in the 1910s and 1920s. Examining the connections between various forms of Shintō nationalism and the state, Skya demonstrates that where the Meiji oligarchs had constructed a quasi-religious, quasi-secular state, Hozumi Yatsuka desired a traditional theocratic state. Uesugi Shinkichi and Kakehi Katsuhiko went further, encouraging radical, militant forms of extreme religious nationalism. Skya suggests that the creeping democracy and secularization of Japan's political order in the early twentieth century were the principal causes of the terrorism of the 1930s, which ultimately led to a holy war against Western civilization. *A History of the Crusades* Anchor Holy War, Martyrdom, and Terror examines the ways that Christian theology has shaped centuries of conflict from the

Jewish-Roman War of late antiquity through the First Crusade, the French Revolution, and up to the Iraq War. By isolating one factor among the many forces that converge in war—the essential tenets of Christian theology—Philippe Buc locates continuities in major episodes of violence perpetrated over the course of two millennia. Even in secularized or explicitly non-Christian societies, such as the Soviet Union of the Stalinist purges, social and political projects are tied to religious violence, and religious conceptual structures have influenced the ways violence is imagined, inhibited, perceived, and perpetrated. The patterns that emerge from this sweeping history upend commonplace assumptions about historical violence, while contextualizing and explaining some of its peculiarities. Buc addresses the culturally sanctioned logic that might lead a sane person to kill or die on principle, traces the circuitous reasoning that permits contradictory political actions, such as coercing freedom or pardoning war atrocities, and locates religious faith at the backbone of nationalist conflict. He reflects on the contemporary American ideology of

war—one that wages violence in the name of abstract notions such as liberty and world peace and that he reveals to be deeply rooted in biblical notions. A work of extraordinary breadth, *Holy War, Martyrdom, and Terror* connects the ancient past to the troubled present, showing how religious ideals of sacrifice and purification made violence meaningful throughout history.

[Holy War](#) Independently Published

I believe that we are living in one of the most critical times in American history. Some have predicted, "If present trends continue, the USA is on track to become a Muslim nation between 2021 and 2035, perhaps sooner." Consider what the terrorist leaders said about their plans to turn America into an Islamic state. - "Thanks to your democratic laws we will invade you!" - "Thanks to your religious laws we will dominate you!" - "America will have a Muslim president by the year 2020!" - On August 13, 2015, ISIS boasted that they planned to behead the Statue of Liberty. We believe that Islam is one of the most critical issues in this generation. Yet, most people have no idea what Muslims believe or what their agenda is for

Christians, Jews, and our beloved America. This book was written to help our readers be able to give intelligent answers to questions like the following. 1. Who was Muhammad? Was Muhammad Black? 2. Who is Allah? Are Jehovah and Allah merely different names for the same God? 3. What is the Kabba? Where is the Kabba located? Why aren't Christians allowed there? 4. What is a caliphate? What is a caliph? 5. Can you define jihad? Can you explain "stealth" jihad. 6. Did the angel Gabriel really appear to Muhammad? What did Gabriel tell him to do? 7. Is Islam a religion of peace? Are we at war with Islam? 8. Why won't the media use the words Islam and terrorism in the same sentence? 9. Can you explain the Islamic agenda for America, Christians and Jews? 10. Why did the FBI purge 700 pages from its training manuals? 11. Can you name one government agency that has not been infiltrated by Islamist? 12. Why have so many colleges installed basins for Muslim students to wash their feet before praying on college campuses? 13. Do you believe a devout Muslim can become good citizen? 14. Do you believe America is mentioned in Bible prophecy? 15. Do you

believe Islam mentioned in prophecy? 16. Does America actually have any defense against Islam? 17. Do you believe God would actually allow Islamic terrorists to conquer America and destroy our churches? 18. Do you believe in the Rapture of the Church and the Great Tribulation? 19. Do you believe that Islam could be the world religion of the New World Order? 20. Are you ready regardless of what happens? With these questions in mind, let's go back to the beginning and take an honest look at Mohammed, Allah, Islam, and see what the future holds for Christians, Jews, America, and Western culture.

**The holy war, made by Shaddai upon Diabolus** Penn State Press

Religions are reemerging in the social, political, and economic spheres previously occupied and dominated by secular institutions and ideologies. In the wake of crises exposing the limits of secular modernity, religions have again become significant players in domestic and international politics. At the same time, the Catholic Church has sought a "holy alliance" among the world's faiths to recentralize devout influence, an

important, albeit little-noticed, evolution in international relations. Holy Wars and Holy Alliance explores the nation-state's current crisis in order to better understand the religious resurgence's implications for geopolitics. Manlio Graziano looks at how the Catholic Church promotes dialogue and action linking world religions, and examines how it has used its material, financial, and institutional strength to gain power and increase its profile in present-day international politics. Challenging the idea that modernity is tied to progress and secularization, Graziano documents the "return" or the "revenge" of God in all facets of life. He shows that tolerance, pluralism, democracy, and science have not triumphed as once predicted. To fully grasp the destabilizing dynamics at work today, he argues, we must appreciate the nature of religious struggles and political holy wars now unfolding across the international stage.

**Holy War, Martyrdom, and Terror** Em Texts

"Examines economics and environmentalism as competing public religions that derive from, and continue, a Christian worldview; argues that debates

over global warming and other environmental issues are ultimately based

on theological differences between their

respective adherents"--Provided by publisher.