
Tarikh Ibn Asakir

Ibn 'Asakir of Damascus
An Early Biography of Muhammad
Conflict and Factionalism in the Early Islamic Period
The Politics and Culture of an Umayyad Tribe
Champion of Sunni Islam in the Time of the Crusades
Exploring al-Azd Tribal Identity
Oriental Translation Fund
The Prohibition of Recording the Hadith, Causes and Effects
Anthology of Arabic Discourse on Translation
In the Shadow of Arabic: The Centrality of Language to Arabic Culture
Ibn 'Asākir and Early Islamic History
Imamate and Leadership
Monuments, Culture and Politics in Medieval Egypt and Syria
The Quṣṣāṣ of Early Islam
Muslim Perceptions of Other Religions
Prophet Muhammad and His Life of Compassion
Mukhtasar Tarikh Dimashq li-Ibn-Asakir
1000 Qudsi Hadiths: An Encyclopedia of Divine Sayings
History of the Caliphs
Imam Hasan and Caliphate
Prophet Muhammad and His Life of Compassion
The Formation and Function of the Sunn? ?ad?th Canon
A Handbook
When Power and Piety Collide
Mamluk History through Architecture
Two Works by Al-Ḥakīm Al-Tirmidhī ; an Annotated Translation with Introduction
BEACONS OF GUIDANCE (5)THE LIFE OF IMAM HUSAYN ('a), THE MASTER OF ALL MARTYRS
Ibn Al-Athir
Concubines and Courtesans
The Expeditions
The Ghulat Sects
Quest for Divinity
Islamic Empires
The Messenger
Tarikh al-kabir
An Arab Historian : a Critical Analysis of His Tarikh-al-kamil and Tarikh-al-atabeca
The Medieval Islamic Hospital
A Historical Survey

The Book of the Jihad of 'Ali ibn Tahir al-Sulami (d. 1106)
The Canonization of Al-Bukhārī and Muslim

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ISAIAH SNYDER

Ibn 'Asakir of Damascus Psychology Press

The historian Ibn al-Athir lived during the last quarter of the twelfth and the first half of thirteenth century - turbulent period of Asia. The historian, receiving elementary education first at home and later in the neighbouring schools turned a wondering scholar of the then known disciplines at various centres of learning in Mosul, Baghdad, Damascus, Aleppo and Basra. His gigantic work *Tarikh al-Kamil* is perhaps the product of sober days of his last ten years. An *Incomplete History of Mosul* are the lasting contribution to the Arab treasure of knowledge.

An Early Biography of Muhammad Bloomsbury Publishing

Translated by Dr. Hamid Algar, includes leadership in Islam, leadership of the Prophet and appointment of Imam Ali, responsibility of the companions, necessity of Imamate, and interesting accounts of Imam's communication with the unseen including the story of Maitham al-tammar.

Conflict and Factionalism in the Early Islamic Period Routledge

Islamic civilization was once the envy of the world. From a succession of glittering, cosmopolitan capitals, Islamic empires lorded it over the Middle East, North Africa, Central Asia and swathes of the Indian subcontinent, while Europe cowered feebly at the margins. For centuries the caliphate was both ascendant on the battlefield and triumphant in the battle of ideas, its cities unrivaled powerhouses of artistic grandeur, commercial power, spiritual sanctity, and forward-looking thinking, in which nothing was off limits. *Islamic Empires* is a history of this rich and diverse civilization told through its greatest cities over the fifteen centuries of Islam, from its earliest beginnings in Mecca in the seventh century to the astonishing rise of Doha in the twenty-first. Marozzi brilliantly connects the defining moments in Islamic history: from the Prophet Mohammed receiving his divine revelations in Mecca and the First Crusade of 1099 to the conquest of Constantinople in 1453 and the phenomenal creation of the merchant republic of Beirut in the nineteenth century, and how this world is continuing to change today.

The Politics and Culture of an Umayyad Tribe Lulu.com

Is there any sound historical evidence that the prophet of Islam actually existed, or is the entire story of Muhammad fable or fiction? It is a question that few have thought—or dared—to ask. Virtually everyone, Muslim and non-Muslim alike, takes for granted that the prophet of Islam lived as a prophet, as well as a political and military leader, in seventh-century Arabia. But this widely accepted story begins to crumble on close examination. In his blockbuster New York Times bestseller *The Truth about Muhammad*, historian and Islam expert Robert Spencer revealed the often shocking contents of Islamic teachings about Muhammad. Now, in this newly revised and expanded version of *Did Muhammad Exist?*, he lays bare those teachings' surprisingly shaky historical foundations. This updated and enlarged version of this acclaimed book examines even more striking and compelling evidence that the story of Muhammad, who for so long was assumed

to have lived in the “full light of history,” could be more myth and legend than historical fact. Spencer meticulously examines historical records and archaeological findings, pioneering new scholarship to reconstruct what we can know about Muhammad, the Qur'an, and the early days of Islam. The evidence he presents challenges the most fundamental assumptions about Islam's origins.

Champion of Sunni Islam in the Time of the Crusades NYU Press

Drawing on canon studies, this book investigates the origins, development and functions of the core of the Sunni 'ad'ith canon, the 'Authentic' 'ad'ith collections of al-Bukhārī and Muslim, from the time of their authors to the modern period.

Exploring al-Azid Tribal Identity *Tarikh al-kabir* Ibn 'Asakir of Damascus **Champion of Sunni Islam in the Time of the Crusades**

History of Caliphs manifests and presents undeniable facts associated with History of Shiism, in addition to facts every Shiite Muslim and individuals interested in the course of Shiism find necessary to achieve an understanding of the History of Islam. To this aim, the book is mainly written by the author and printed by the publisher, not to mention the translator, knowing that the task in its entirety is a heavy one with a substantial responsibility shouldered upon.

Oriental Translation Fund Oxford University Press

This book narrates the life of Prophet Muhammad, peace be upon him, shedding light upon segments of his life that are either neglected or glossed over in conflict-focused biographies. The narrations in this book revolve around the Prophet's various strategies of diplomacy and reconciliation to avoid conflicts. In narrating these events, the book helps the readers broaden their perspective on the life of the Messenger of God and better capture the ethos of his life. Indeed, both Muslims and non-Muslims may benefit from this understanding at a time when violent extremist groups such as ISIS are causing carnage with their brutality while dressing their totalitarian ideologies in Muslim garb. The book exposes the hypocritical and willful deception of these radical groups which cherry-pick incidents and sayings from the Prophet's life, decontextualize them, and abuse them to serve their perverted ideologies. The extensive evidence presented in this book will not only dispel many myths about the life and message of the Noble Prophet, but also show how through compassionate efforts he conquered the hearts of people around him and turned them from die-hard enemies to devoted faithful friends.

The Prohibition of Recording the Hadith, Causes and Effects Lulu Press, Inc

A compilation of Fethullah Gulen's sermons on the life of the prophet, the book offers us a deeper understanding of God's Messenger through looking into his exemplary life from different aspects.

Anthology of Arabic Discourse on Translation Bombardier Books

A highly influential Sudanese reformist thinker, Mahmud Muhammad Taha is regarded as a product of a dual legacy rooted in mystical Islam on the one hand and in the tradition of modernity on the other. Publicly executed in 1985 following his conviction of apostasy, Taha offered distinctly original interpretations of the Qur'an and a radical theory of Islamic prayer. In *Quest for Divinity*, Mohamed

Mahmoud presents an in-depth and balanced treatment of Taha's controversial yet significant thought. The author's ability to provide access to relevant literature in both Arabic and English offers readers a rare view of the considerable nuance in Taha's thought. With rich detail Mahmoud explores Taha's theories of human freedom and his social message, referred to as "the second message of Islam" with its emphasis on political, economic, and social equality. Taha's embrace of modernity is further assessed relative to his position on science, law, and art-areas that have always attracted Muslim modernists. Quest for Divinity will attract attention to Taha's compelling but little-known intellectual contribution as a seminal modern reformer of Islam. Such recognition is long overdue and will enrich the current debates on Islam and modernity.

In the Shadow of Arabic: The Centrality of Language to Arabic Culture Bloomsbury Publishing
Concubines and Courtesans contains sixteen essays that consider, from a variety of viewpoints, enslaved and freed women across medieval and pre-modern Islamic social history. The essays bring together arguments regarding slavery, gender, social networking, cultural production (songs, poetry and instrumental music), sexuality, Islamic family law, and religion in the shaping of Near Eastern and Islamic society over time. They range over nearly 1000 years of Islamic history - from the early, formative period (seventh to tenth century C.E.) to the late Ottoman, Safavid and Mughal eras (sixteenth to eighteenth century C.E.) - and regions from al-Andalus (Islamic Spain) to Central Asia (Timurid Iran). The close, common thread joining the essays is an effort to account for the lives, careers and representations of female slaves and freed women participating in, and contributing to, elite urban society of the Islamic realm. Interest in a gendered approach to Islamic history, society and religion has by now deep roots in Middle Eastern and Islamic studies. The shared aim of the essays collected here is to get at the wealth of these topics, and to underscore their centrality to a firm grasp on Islamic and Middle Eastern history.

Ibn 'Asakir and Early Islamic History Edinburgh University Press

In The Quṣṣāṣ of Early Islam Lyall Armstrong analyzes the roles and reputations of the Islamic qāṣṣ from the rise of Islam through the end of the Umayyad period.

Imamate and Leadership Khan Publishing

Tarikh al-kabir Ibn 'Asakir of Damascus
Champion of Sunni Islam in the Time of the Crusades Simon and Schuster

Monuments, Culture and Politics in Medieval Egypt and Syria Simon and Schuster

The Byzantine Empire was the Islamic commonwealth's first and most stubborn adversary. For many centuries it loomed large in Islamic diplomacy, military operations and commerce, as well as in Islamic representations of the world in general. Moreover, the ways in which early Muslims and Byzantines perceived one another " both polemically and otherwise " afterwards proved decisive for the mutual perceptions between the Islamic world and Christian Western Europe. For these and other reasons, Arab-Byzantine relations have been a major concern of modern scholarship on early Islam for well over a century. *Arab-Byzantine Relations in Early Islamic Times* presents some of the most important of these contributions, organized according to the following themes: war and diplomacy; frontiers and military organization; polemics and images of the 'other'; exchange, influence and convergence; and martyrdom, jihad and holy war. An introductory essay discusses these themes within the contexts of early Islamic society, politics and economy.

The Quṣṣāṣ of Early Islam Lulu Press, Inc

A Critical Analysis of Early Caliphate in Islam, Understanding the Present by Knowing the Past An in-depth study and analysis of the early Islamic history and caliphate and personalities of the first three caliphs based on Sunni sources in order to understand the difference between Shi'a and Sunni schools of thought

Muslim Perceptions of Other Religions Lulu Press, Inc

This book provides translations of the earliest Arabic autobiography and the earliest theoretical explanation of the psychic development and powers of an Islamic holy man (Saint, Friend of God).

Prophet Muhammad and His Life of Compassion BRILL

Examining a single broad tribal identity - al-Azd - from the immediate pre-Islamic period into the early Abbasid era, this book notes the ways it was continually refashioned over that time. It explores the ways in which the rise of the early Islamic empire influenced the peoples of the Arabian Peninsula who became a core part of it, and examines the connections between the kinship societies and the developing state of the early caliphate. This helps us to understand how what are often called 'tribal' forms of social organisation identity conditioned its growth and helped shape what became its common elite culture. Studying the relationship between tribe and state during the first two centuries of the caliphate, author Brian Ulrich's focus is on understanding the survival and transformation of tribal identity until it became part of the literate high culture of the Abbasid caliphate and a component of a larger Arab ethnic identity. He argues that, from pre-Islamic Arabia to the caliphate, greater continuity existed between tribal identity and social practice than is generally portrayed.

Mukhtasar Tarikh Dimashq li-Ibn-Asakir Northern Book Centre

A vast collection of information that addresses Shi'a/Sunni inter-school related issues. An effort of the Ahlul Bayt Digital Islamic Library Project Team

1000 Qudsi Hadiths: An Encyclopedia of Divine Sayings BRILL

The first monograph on Islamic hospitals, this volume examines their origins, development, architecture, social roles, and connections to non-Islamic institutions.

History of the Caliphs Lulu Press, Inc

The Messenger of God is, for Muslims, in every aspect of his life, an unfailing guide that we need to follow meticulously. He was sent to the world as a Messenger for all who would live and breathe on earth until the Last Day and led a full life with the potential to solve every possible problem. His days of Prophethood are akin to compressed files; with each page that is opened, new windows and doors are opened, and new alternative solutions presented, which are commensurate with our intention and clarity of vision.

Imam Hasan and Caliphate Oxford University Press

'Ali ibn 'Asakir (1105-1176) was one of the most renowned experts on Hadith and Islamic history in the medieval era. His was a tumultuous time: centuries of Shi'i rule had not long ended in central Syria, rival warlords sought control of the capital, and Crusaders had captured Jerusalem. Seeking the unification of Syria and Egypt, and the revival of Sunnism in both, Ibn 'Asakir served successive Muslim rulers, including Nur al-Din and Saladin, and produced propaganda against both the Christian invaders and the Shi'is. This, together with his influential writings and his advocacy of major texts,

helped to lay the foundations for the eventual Sunni domination of the Levant - a domination which continues to this day.