
Brief Romanian Military History Brief History Scarecrow Press

The Romanian Case
A Historical Encyclopedia
International review of military history
The Balkan Wars 1912-1913
The Political and Military History of the Second Bulgarian Empire (1185-1280)
The Romanian Cinema of Nationalism
A Short History of Bessarabia and Northern Bucovina
Past and Present
A Brief Illustrated History of Romanians
The Romanians, 1774-1866
A History
Armies of Feudal Europe 1066-1300
The Romanians
Review of Military History
Prelude to the First World War
Soldiers, Motivation, and the Holocaust
Balkan Military History
Studies and Research Centre for Military History and Theory
Military Thought and Warfare Over the Last Five Centuries
Romania's Holy War
Romania in World War I
A Short Illustrated History of Romanians
Goodbye, Transylvania
War, Revolution, and Society in Romania
Pages from the History of the Romanian Army
A Brief History
"The" Army and the Romanian Society ; Edited by Al. Gh. Savu
A Concise History of Romania
Conflict and Conquest in the Islamic World: A Historical Encyclopedia [2 volumes]
National Defence - the Romanian View
History and Myth in Romanian Consciousness
A Bibliography
Romania's Holy War
The Failed Soviet Invasion of Romania, Spring 1944
Special Issue [of The] Romanian Review of Military History
Romania 1992
Pages from the military history of the Romanian people
Romanian Military Bibliography (a 1944-1984 Selection)

STONE RIYA

The Romanian Case Routledge

This book contains some 600 entries on a range of topics from ancient Chinese warfare to late 20th-century intervention operations. Designed for a wide variety of users, it encompasses general reviews of aspects of military organization and science, as well as specific wars and conflicts. The book examines naval and air warfare, as well as significant individuals, including commanders, theorists, and war leaders. Each entry includes a listing of additional publications on the topic, accompanied by an article discussing these publications with reference to their particular emphases, strengths, and limitations.

A Historical Encyclopedia Lulu.com

Ioan-Aurel Pop, academician, președinte al Academiei Române, profesor și rector al Universității Babeș-Bolyai din Cluj-Napoca, este autor și coautor a peste șaptezeci de cărți, tratate și manuale și a peste cinci sute de studii și articole. I s-a acordat titlul de Doctor Honoris Causa din partea a 10 universități din țară și din străinătate. Este membru al unor academii și societăți savante străine, între care Academia Europeană de Știință și Artă de la Salzburg, Academia Națională Virgiliană din Mantova, Ateneo Veneto din Veneția, Academia Europeană de Științe, Arte și Litere din Paris. A fost visiting professor al unor universități din SUA, Italia, Franța, Ungaria și Austria, precum și director al Institutului Cultural Român din New York și al Institutului Român de Cultură și Cercetare Umanistică din Veneția. Din 1993 este director al Centrului de Studii Transilvane din Cluj-Napoca al Academiei Române. M A R E A U N I R E A ROMÂNILOR
International review of military history Cornell University Press
Although the earliest authentic records of Romania or, more correctly speaking, of Dacia, the Roman province which embraced Romania, Transylvania, and some adjoining territories of to-day, do not reach further back than about the century immediately preceding the Christian era, a good deal of information is to be gathered from the writings of Herodotus, Dion Cassius, and other early historians regarding the Getæ, the race from whom the

Dacians sprang. The Getæ were in all probability a branch of the Thracians, who were amongst the earliest immigrants from the East; and for some time before they appeared in Dacia, which was situated on the northern side of the Danube (or Ister, as it was called by the Romans), they had settled between the south bank of that river and the Balkans (Mount Hæmus of the Romans). About the fourth century b.c., however, the Getæ had crossed the river, either driven north by an inimical neighbouring tribe, the Triballi, or in consequence of the growth of the nation itself. When they were first encountered by the Greeks, they occupied the eastern part of Dacia, reaching probably to one portion of the Black Sea; and some account of them is given by Ovid, who was exiled to their vicinity, but little is known of them until they came in contact with the Roman armies. The Getæ have little direct interest for us, but as we find associated with them the names of Philip of Macedon, Alexander the Great, and Lysimachus, a few words concerning their connection with those heroes may not be out of place, and will at least serve to fix a period in the history of the people...

The Balkan Wars 1912-1913 Grup Editorial Litera

En fremstilling af Rumæniens militære deltagelse i 1. verdenskrig.
The Political and Military History of the Second Bulgarian Empire (1185-1280) Central European University Press

One of two works on Romanian military history by the former Romanian communist general Ilie Ceausescu. The books are important both as military history and, even more so, as a classic statement of the communist interpretation of that history.

The Romanian Cinema of Nationalism East European Monographs
The leading expert on Soviet military history resurrects a failed World War II campaign that the official Russian history seeks to erase from memory. Reconstructing the Red Army's first invasion of Romania in the spring of 1944, Glantz shows that despite the campaign's abysmal failure, it provided a clear indication of Stalin's strong interest in the Balkans and further damaged the German army's ability to stop the Soviet war machine in its drive toward Berlin.

A Short History of Bessarabia and Northern Bucovina Scarecrow Press

Based on the idea that there is a considerable difference between

reality and discourse, the author points out that history is constantly reconstructed, adapted and sometimes mythicized from the perspectives of the present day, present states of mind and ideologies. He closely examines historical culture and conscience in nineteenth and twentieth century Romania, particularly concentrating on the impact of the national ideology on history. Boia's innovative analysis identifies several key mythical configurations and shows how Romanians have reconstituted their own highly ideologized history over the last two centuries. The strength of *History and Myth in Romanian Consciousness* lies in the author's ability to fully deconstruct the entire Romanian historiographic system and demonstrate the increasing acuteness of national problems in general, and in particular the exploitation of history to support national ideology.
Past and Present BRILL

Rumæniens historie indtil vore dage

A Brief Illustrated History of Romanians Scholarly Title

The volume provides a comprehensive, yet brief, analysis of the evolution of Romanian history and civilization from the first century BC to the present. Its principal attraction to readers is the conceptual and analytical approach designed to provide an intelligent, yet scholarly, overview of Romanian history, and a clear understanding of the problems facing the country, rooted in that history, in the post-communist period of transition of the 1990s and, most likely, also in the new millennium.

The Romanians, 1774-1866 Cambridge University Press
Romania's Holy War rights the widespread myth that Romania was a reluctant member of the Axis during World War II. In correcting this fallacy, Grant T. Harward shows that, of an estimated 300,000 Jews who perished in Romania and Romanian-occupied Ukraine, more than 64,000 were, in fact, killed by Romanian soldiers. Moreover, the Romanian Army conducted a brutal campaign in German-occupied Ukraine, resulting in the deaths of thousands of Soviet prisoners of war, partisans, and civilians. Investigating why Romanian soldiers fought and committed such atrocities, Harward argues that strong ideology—a cocktail of nationalism, religion, antisemitism, and anticommunism—undergirded their motivation. Romania's Holy War draws on official military records, wartime periodicals,

soldiers' diaries and memoirs, subsequent war crimes investigations, and recent interviews with veterans to tell the full story. Harward integrates the Holocaust into the narrative of military operations to show that most soldiers fully supported the wartime dictator, General Ion Antonescu, and his regime's holy war against "Judeo-Bolshevism." The army perpetrated mass reprisals, targeting Jews in liberated Romanian territory; supported the deportation and concentration of Jews in camps or ghettos in Romanian-occupied Soviet territory; and played a key supporting role in SS efforts to exterminate Jews in German-occupied Soviet territory. Harward proves that Romania became Nazi Germany's most important ally in the war against the USSR because its soldiers were highly motivated, thus overturning much of what we thought we knew about this theater of war. Romania's Holy War provides the first complete history of why Romanian soldiers fought on the Eastern Front.

A History Fonthill Media

A comprehensive and engaging new history charting Romania's development over 2000 years from its establishment to the present day.

Armies of Feudal Europe 1066-1300 Oxford University Press
Rare memoir of a foreigner serving with the Germans on the Eastern Front. • Firsthand descriptions of combat at the siege of Budapest and the final battle for Berlin in 1945 • Insights into what motivated soldiers to fight for Nazi Germany • Copies of the out-of-print original edition are highly prized

The Romanians Brief Romanian Military History

One of the first historical mentions of an armed conflict in what is now Romania dates back to 335 B.C., when, prior to launching his legendary Asian campaign, Alexander the Great organized an expedition over the Western shore of the Danube to deter the Gaets and secure the frontier of the Macedonian Kingdom. Since then, the land located on the Black Sea and nestled amongst the Carpathian Mountains has seen more than its fair share of military struggles. Whether referring to the country's fight for independence against the Ottoman Empire in the 14th Century or the December Revolution in the late 20th Century, Romania's military history has been long and varied. This book presents a chronological and detailed narrative of the significant events in the nation's military history, covering everything from the campaign of the Persian king Darius I against the Scythians in 514

B.C. to Romania's admission into NATO in April of 2004. Beginning with a full chronology of the country's most important and decisive military events, Brief Romanian Military History then presents a general overview of 2500 years of Romanian history. Complete with biographies of significant military leaders and entries on important battles, wars, military organizations, structures, fortresses, uniforms, and weapons for each of the historical eras chronicled, this book is an essential reference tool for scholars, historians, anthropologists, journalists, and all others interested in the history of Romania.

Review of Military History Humanitas SA

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Prelude to the First World War Cornell University Press

One of two works on Romanian military history by the former Romanian communist general Ilie Ceausescu. The books are important both as military history and, even more so, as a classic statement of the communist interpretation of that history. *Soldiers, Motivation, and the Holocaust* Perennial Press
This original and ground-breaking work is the first attempt to treat the period 1774-1866 as a distinct stage in the evolution of modern Romania and is a fascinating analysis of the building of a European nation-state.

Balkan Military History Stackpole Books

"Prior to the collapse of communism, Romanian historical movies were political, encouraging nationalistic feelings and devotion to the state. The author explores a comprehensive selection of fictional films, old and new, set in the Romanian past"--

Studies and Research Centre for Military History and Theory ABC-CLIO

A significant contribution to the significance of Romania's joining the war against Germany on August 23, 1944, following the overthrow of the Antonescu regime and the liberation of Romania by the Glorious Soviet armies.

Military Thought and Warfare Over the Last Five Centuries
McFarland

This is not an ordinary history book. As readers will realise quite early on, Neagu Djuvara has the audacity to tackle some of the most delicate and controversial issues in Romanian history under the guise of light storytelling. With the addition of illustrations, the book becomes better and easier to understand: we are offered the chance to see how ancient artefacts discovered by archaeologists actually look like, or catch a glimpse of the world of barbarians and medieval warriors depicted in wonderful illuminated manuscripts. As we get nearer to the modern age, the imagery becomes even richer and we get to know Romania's princes and monarchs, their allies and their enemies, the politicians – good and bad – their triumphs, tribulations or even tragedies; and sometimes even the common people going about their daily lives. The photographic discourse focuses on the most important documents, even if their condition is not optimal. You will also find images of pottery, jewellery and weaponry, some of them from unexpected sources, often unknown to the public, accompanied by detailed captions that complement the information provided in the text itself. Together, the story and

illustrations intertwine to form a new, enhanced historical account - and hopefully, one not lacking in originality.
Columbia University Press

Brief Romanian Military History Scarecrow Press