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 ICASI 2020

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SALAZAR MAY

Circular No. 5 [microform] McGraw-Hill Education

This unique book focuses on the hybridization of grassroots participation in planning, implementing, and developing gender-responsive budgeting. It explores the possibilities for gender sensitive budgeting when implemented using techniques that have been popularized by participatory governance activists. A combination of the two allows for a whole new way of ensuring public budgets are used equitably.

Gender Responsive and Participatory Budgeting Springer

"Bajet 2018 sangat inklusif dalam erti kata semua kumpulan dan kelompok dalam negara sebagai rakyat Malaysia akan di ambil kira dari segi kepentingan dan juga atas apa yang kita fikirkan wajar kita lakukan", Petikan ucapan Dato' Sri Mohd Najib Tun Abdul Razak di dalam pembentangan Bajet 2018 pada 27 Oktober 2017.

Pulau Pangkor: Antara Pembangunan dan Kelestarian Springer Nature

Penawaran dalam sektor awam tidak dapat memenuhi permintaan permohonan yang mencecah jutaan orang setahun. Justeru itu, persaingannya adalah amat sengit dan sudah tentu yang berkualiti dan terbaik akan dilantik ke dalam perkhidmatan awam. Pengambilan pekerja ke sektor awam adalah berasaskan merit dan kompetensi seseorang calon tanpa mengira warna kulit, bangsa dan agama seseorang. Sehubungan dengan itu, semua orang akan mempunyai peluang yang sama untuk dipertimbangkan melalui persaingan secara terbuka dan adil. Buku ini memberi maklumat yang komprehensif mengenai tatacara permohonan, peperiksaan, Program Assessment Centre dan temuduga dalam perkhidmatan awam. Buku ini juga mengandungi contoh-contoh soalan temuduga untuk rujukan para pembaca. Ianya juga diselitkan dengan motivasi dan satu nota pengurusan kewangan peribadi khususnya bagi mereka yang baru menempuh alam pekerjaan supaya mereka tidak tersilap langkah dan terjerumus dengan hutang. Oleh itu, sudah tentu buku ini harus dimiliki oleh anda.

Building Maintenance Taylor & Francis

Contributed articles presented at the National Conference themed "Women in the Changing World of Work: Planet 50-50 by Promoting UN SDGs, the Global Agenda 2030" held on 8 March 2017, at Andhra Christian College in Guntur, Andhra Pradesh.

NEGARAKU 60 TAHUN MERDEKA Universiti Malaysia Sabah Press

Enhancing Board Effectiveness seeks to examine the conceptualization and role of the board in a variety of contexts and articulate solutions for improving the effectiveness of the board, especially in developing and emerging markets. Enhancing Board Effectiveness with therefore address the following central questions: To what extent is the concept and role of the board evolving? What rights, powers, responsibilities and other contemporary and historical experiences can enhance the effectiveness of the board, especially in the particular contexts of developing and emerging markets? What socio-economic, political, regulatory and institutional factors/actors influence the effectiveness of the board and how can the policies and practices of such actors exert such influences? In what ways can a reconstructed concept of the board serve as a tool for theoretical, analytical, regulatory and pragmatic assessment of its effectiveness? In examining this issues, Enhancing Board Effectiveness will investigate theoretical, socio-economic, historical, empirical, regulatory, comparative and inter-disciplinary approaches. Academics in the relevant fields of accounting, behavioural psychology/economics, development studies, financial regulation, law and management/organizational studies, political economy and, public administration will find this book of high interest.

Economic Report Routledge

This book gathers the latest research, innovations, and applications in the field of civil engineering, as presented by leading national and international academics, researchers, engineers, and postgraduate students at the AWAM International Conference on Civil Engineering 2019 (AICCE'19), held in Penang, Malaysia on August 21-22, 2019. The book covers highly diverse topics in the main fields of civil engineering, including structural and earthquake engineering, environmental engineering, geotechnical engineering, highway and transportation engineering, water resources engineering, and geomatic and construction management. In line with the conference theme, "Transforming the Nation for a Sustainable Tomorrow", which relates to the United Nations' 17 Global Goals for Sustainable Development, it highlights important elements in the planning and development stages to establish design standards beneficial to the environment and its surroundings. The contributions introduce numerous exciting ideas that spur novel research directions and foster multidisciplinary collaborations between various specialists in the field of civil engineering.

Koleksi Ucapan Perdana Menteri YAB Tun Dr. Mahathir Mohamad 2018 John Wiley & Sons
 Geodesy is the science of accurately measuring and understanding three fundamental properties of Earth: its geometric shape, its orientation in space, and its gravity field, as well as the changes of these properties with time. Over the past half century, the United States, in cooperation with international partners, has led the development of geodetic techniques and instrumentation. Geodetic observing systems provide a significant benefit to society in a wide array of military, research, civil, and commercial areas, including sea level change monitoring, autonomous navigation, tighter low flying routes for strategic aircraft, precision agriculture, civil surveying, earthquake monitoring, forest structural mapping and biomass estimation, and improved floodplain mapping. Recognizing the growing reliance of a wide range of scientific and societal endeavors on infrastructure for precise geodesy, and recognizing geodetic infrastructure as a shared national resource, this book provides an independent assessment of the benefits provided by geodetic observations and networks, as well as a plan for the future development and support of the infrastructure needed to meet the demand for increasingly greater precision. Precise Geodetic Infrastructure makes a series of focused recommendations for upgrading and improving specific elements of the infrastructure, for enhancing the role of the United States in international geodetic services, for evaluating the requirements for a geodetic workforce for the coming decades, and for providing national coordination and advocacy for the various agencies and organizations that contribute to the geodetic infrastructure.

E.E.C. Thuraisingham: a Malaysian patriot (UM Press) Legare Street Press

Deklarasi Rio 1992 telah memperluaskan konsep pembangunan mapan dengan mengambil pendekatan yang bersifat holistik meliputi dimensi pembangunan ekonomi, keterlibatan sosial dan kelestarian persekitaran. Kini konsep pembangunan mapan telah diarusperdanakan oleh Pertubuhan Bangsa-Bangsa Bersatu melalui Agenda Pembangunan Mapan 2030 yang telah merangka satu set 17 Matlamat Pembangunan Mapan (Sustainable Development Goals- SDG) untuk dilaksanakan oleh semua negara melalui penubuhan Rangka Kerja Nasional. Pelaksanaan SDG bertujuan untuk mencapai kesejahteraan global dalam jangka panjang melalui penggunaan dan pengurusan sumber ekonomi dan sumber asli secara bijaksana, dan pada masa yang sama, perlu menghormati manusia dan segala bentuk kehidupan. Usaha untuk mencapai Matlamat Pembangunan Mapan ini tentunya lebih mencabar dalam kes ekosistem pulau kecil. Pulau kecil, seperti Pulau Pangkor yang menjadi tumpuan kajian dalam buku ini, sering menghadapi keterancaman ekonomi kerana bergantung kepada beberapa aktiviti ekonomi asas seperti perikanan dan pelancongan. Walaupun sektor pelancongan berpotensi besar untuk meningkatkan sumber ekonomi pulau, pembangunan pelancongan mesti dijalankan dalam kerangka daya tampung sesebuah pulau. Selain daripada tekanan aktiviti pelancongan, ekosistem pulau juga perlu menampung permintaan penduduk

tempatan untuk membina kawasan tempat tinggal dan infrastruktur asas. Semakin ramai penduduk dan semakin rancak aktiviti pembangunannya, maka semakin banyak sumber asli pulau, termasuk kawasan hutan, perlu digunakan. Sifat pembangunan mapan itu berkonsep normatif menjangkau beberapa skala temporal dan spatial, dan mempunyai pelbagai pemegang taruh. Matlamat pembangunan mapan tidak mungkin dicapai tanpa elemen tadbir urus (governance) yang cekap. Tadbir urus pulau ke arah pencapaian pembangunan mapan melibatkan banyak isu yang menyentuh pelbagai aspek ekonomi, sosial, politik dan alam sekitar. Pendekatan multisektoral dan multidisiplin diperlukan untuk memahami isu yang wujud dalam konteks pembangunan sebuah pulau. Buku ini, yang mengandungi 11 bab, menentang hasil penelitian yang telah dibuat oleh pengkaji di Pusat Kajian UMSERGE dengan dibiayai oleh dana penyelidikan Universiti Malaya. Hasil kajian ini bermanfaat untuk penguasa tempatan, penggubal dasar, komuniti tempatan dan pemegang taruh yang lain yang perlu memahami dinamik isu pembangunan yang wujud di pulau ini. Buku ini sesuai dijadikan rujukan oleh penyelidik tempatan dan pelajar institusi pengajian tinggi untuk meneruskan agenda penyelidikan dalam bidang pembangunan mapan.

In the Wake of Arbitration International Monetary Fund

The implementation of new technologies is expected to boost the development of Islamic Finance by increasing accessibility to banking and other financial services in Islamic communities and democratizing access to investment opportunities. At the same time, new technologies will increase financing opportunities and facilitate asset management for Sharia-compliant businesses. This collection of essays from selected experts in the field comprise some of the most topical issues on Islamic Fintech, combining a business focus with legal insights. The book takes as a point of departure the role that Islamic Fintech can play in promoting sustainability. The social vision of welfare improvement and justice is already embedded in Sharia's economic rules, which makes Islamic Finance particularly well suited to bridge the gap between sustainability and funding.

Although it is not without challenges for the industry, technology will help unleash its potential. With a holistic approach to Islamic Fintech, the contributing authors address the application of new technologies to Islamic Finance, including robo-advisory, crowdfunding and digital ledger technology (both in the issuance of bitcoin and the registration of securities in tokenized form) and in certain sectors such as takaful (takaful-tech) and health (e-health). Finally, they explore the challenges posed by anti-money laundering ('AML') in the specific realm of Islamic Fintech. The book combines theoretical analysis with a practical focus, both through case studies and directly through the experiences of leading entrepreneurs. In addition, it provides insights on legal and regulatory aspects, which are key in a field that is still in its infancy and needs support from lawmakers and regulators. It is, thus, a reference for academics, legal practitioners, policymakers, entrepreneurs and the Islamic Finance community.

Malaysia's Trade Governance at a Crossroads Jabatan Penerangan

This book constitutes the refereed proceedings of the 5th International Conference on Soft Computing in Data Science, SCDS 2019, held in Iizuka, Japan, in August 2019. The 30 revised full papers presented were carefully reviewed and selected from 75 submissions. The papers are organized in topical sections on information and customer analytics; visual data science; machine and deep learning; big data analytics; computational and artificial intelligence; social network and media analytics.

Companies Act 2016 (Act 777). National Academies Press

Strengthening fiscal frameworks, in particular fiscal rules, has emerged as a key response to the fiscal legacy of the crisis. This paper takes stock of fiscal rules in use around the world, compiles a dataset - covering national and supranational fiscal rules, in 81 countries from 1985 to end-March 2012 - and presents details about the rules' key design elements, particularly in support of enforcement. This information is summarized in a set of fiscal rules indices. Three key findings emerge: (i) many new fiscal rules have been adopted and existing ones strengthened in response to the crisis; (ii) the number of fiscal rules and the comprehensiveness of the design features in emerging economies has caught up to those in advanced economies; and (iii) the "next-generation" fiscal rules are increasingly complex as they combine the objectives of sustainability and with the need for flexibility in response to shocks, thereby creating new challenges for implementation, communication, and monitoring.

The Value of Everything OECD Publishing

Perusahaan kecil dan sederhana (PKS) telah menyumbang kepada pembangunan ekonomi negara seperti membuka peluang pekerjaan dan memberi sumbangan yang signifikan kepada pertumbuhan serta nilai tambah kepada sektor perkhidmatan dan perkilangan. Berdasarkan kepada kepentingan PKS, maka wujud keperluan untuk mengkaji serta memahami tentang PKS dan seterusnya berusaha untuk memastikan kelangsungan PKS. Di Malaysia, perbincangan tentang PKS turut mendapat perhatian daripada pihak kerajaan, ahli akademik dan pihak-pihak yang berkaitan. Antara isu yang sering diberikan perhatian adalah berkenaan peranan PKS dalam pembangunan sosioekonomi, penglibatan wanita dan komuniti, amalan-amalan perniagaan yang baik serta kepentingan penggunaan teknologi dan inovasi dalam PKS. Namun, pada masa yang sama isu dan cabaran yang dihadapi oleh PKS perlu diberikan perhatian dan diatasi agar PKS di Malaysia dapat berkembang maju. Buku ini menghimpunkan lapan bab dengan memberikan tumpuan kepada isu-isu yang berkaitan dengan PKS. Buku suntingan ini sesuai dijadikan sebagai sumber rujukan dan bacaan umum kepada pensyarah, penyelidik, pelajar pascasiswazah dan prasiswazah mahupun mereka yang terlibat dalam pengurusan dan pelaksanaan dasar yang berkaitan dengan PKS.

Jalan Sukses ke Sektor Awam : Daripada Permohonan, Peperiksaan Hingga Temuduga European

Alliance for Innovation

Who really creates wealth in our world? And how do we decide the value of what they do? At the heart of today's financial and economic crisis is a problem hiding in plain sight. In modern capitalism, value-extraction - the siphoning off of profits, from shareholders' dividends to bankers' bonuses - is rewarded more highly than value-creation: the productive process that drives a healthy economy and society. We misidentify takers as makers, and have lost sight of what value really means. Once a central plank of economic thought, this concept of value - what it is, why it matters to us - is simply no longer discussed. Yet, argues Mariana Mazzucato in this penetrating and passionate new book, if we are to reform capitalism - to radically transform an increasingly sick system rather than continue feeding it - we urgently need to rethink where wealth comes from. Who is creating it, who is extracting it, and who is destroying it? Answers to these questions are key if we want to replace the current parasitic system with a type of capitalism that is more sustainable, more symbiotic: that works for us all. The Value of Everything will reignite a long-needed debate about the kind of world we really want to live in.

Greener Public Purchasing Issues and Practical Solutions International Monetary Fund

As an annual event, The 3rd INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON ADVANCE & SCIENTIFIC INNOVATION (ICASI) 2020 continued the agenda to bring together researcher, academics, experts and professionals in examining selected theme by applying multidisciplinary approaches. In 2020, this event will be held in 20 June at Garuda Plaza Hotel Medan. The conference from any kind of stakeholders related with Management, Economy, Administration Business, Tourism, Policy, Law, Operation Management and all research in Social Science and Humanities. Each contributed paper was refereed before being accepted for publication. The double-blind peer reviewed was used in the paper selection.

Bajet 2018 Menuju Aspirasi TN50 Rowman & Littlefield

This first report deals with some of the major development issues confronting the developing countries and explores the relationship of the major trends in the international economy to them. It is designed to help clarify some of the linkages between the international economy and domestic strategies in the developing countries against the background of growing interdependence and increasing complexity in the world economy. It assesses the prospects for progress in accelerating growth and alleviating poverty, and identifies some of the major policy issues which will affect these prospects.

Fiscal Rules in Response to the Crisis The University of Malaya Press

Government consumption of products and services in OECD Member countries is estimated to be responsible for 9 to 25% of GDP. Given the importance of public purchasing, national and local authorities have been paying increasing attention to the ...

World Development Report 2016 Penguin UK

The Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) hosted its sixth annual South China Sea conference in July 2016. The conference provided four panels of highly respected experts from 10 countries with a first opportunity to assess the results of the UN Convention on the Law of the Sea tribunal ruling and begin to measure its impact.

National Integrity Plan The University of Malaya Press

This book describes the role and influence of Dato' Sir Ernest Emmanuel Clough Thuraisingham in Malaysian politics and society during a formative period. Thuraisingham was a member of the Federal Legislative Council from 1948 and served as the chairman of the influential Communities Liaison Committee and as Member for Education. A close confidante of Dato' Onn Jaafar, Thuraisingham played a leading role with Onn in the formation of the Independence of Malaya Party in 1951 and sought to instill a non-communal approach to Malayan politics. In the post-independence period he served as a Senator. A horse racing enthusiast, Thuraisingham served as chairman of the Selangor Turf Club for 25 years and was active in social welfare activities. His life has received scant attention and this book is intended to document his contributions, political thoughts and ideas.

World Development Report 1978 Springer

This volume focuses on the role of the private sector in diversifying the economics of Gulf countries in the post-petrodollar era, when fluctuating and declining oil prices are negatively impacting national expenditures. It explores current policies of countries in the Gulf Cooperation Council and their efforts to shift their economies away from heavy dependence on hydrocarbons. The structural changes will create favorable conditions for the private sector to flourish, shift production dependence from public to private sector, and allow for more efficient resource allocation. Such changes will also allow local banks to provide financial support to small and medium enterprises, boost entrepreneurship for job creation, and strengthen organizational structure and efficiency. This is the first volume in Economic Diversification in the Gulf Region.

Soft Computing in Data Science Springer Nature

Fiscal Responsibility Laws (FRLs) appear to be more popular in middle-income countries than advanced countries, even though their success is limited. The reasons why few advanced countries have a FRL include: the existing legal framework for the budget system is adequate; supranational rules and political agreements in EU countries; failed attempts to include quantitative fiscal rules in laws; lack of consensus or interest in attaining the goals of FRL-type legislation; and lack of need for a law to regulate fiscal transparency, accountability and macro-fiscal stabilization. Without commitment to fiscal discipline, adoption of a FRL may not contribute to attaining fiscal consolidation goals.